







#### Learning objectives

- Understand the fire service role in keeping people safe
- > To Make Safer Independent Journeys
- by understanding the risk
- by reducing the risk
- by understanding the consequences



## Road Traffic Collision (RTC)









## RTC Equipment







### Pedestrian safety quiz



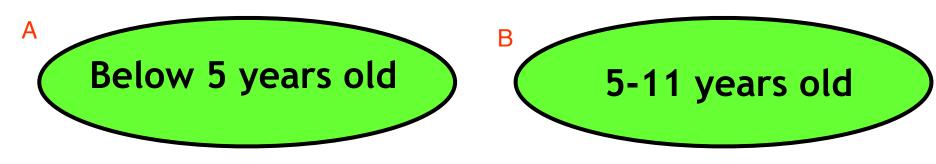


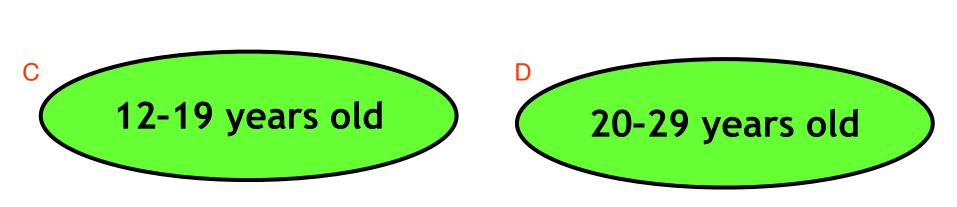






Which age range is most likely to be killed, or seriously injured, in a road incident?



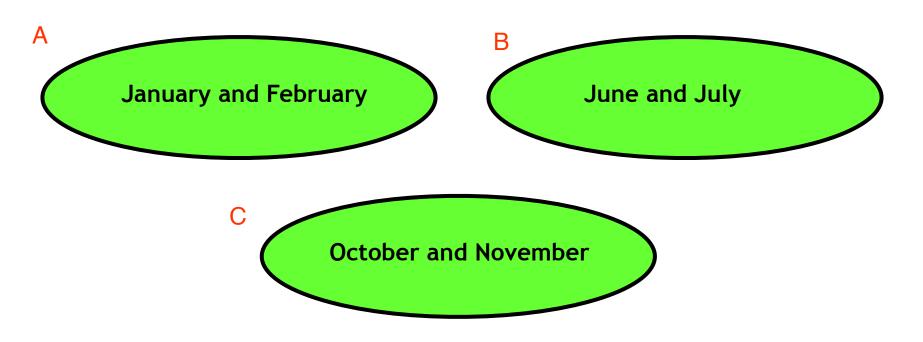






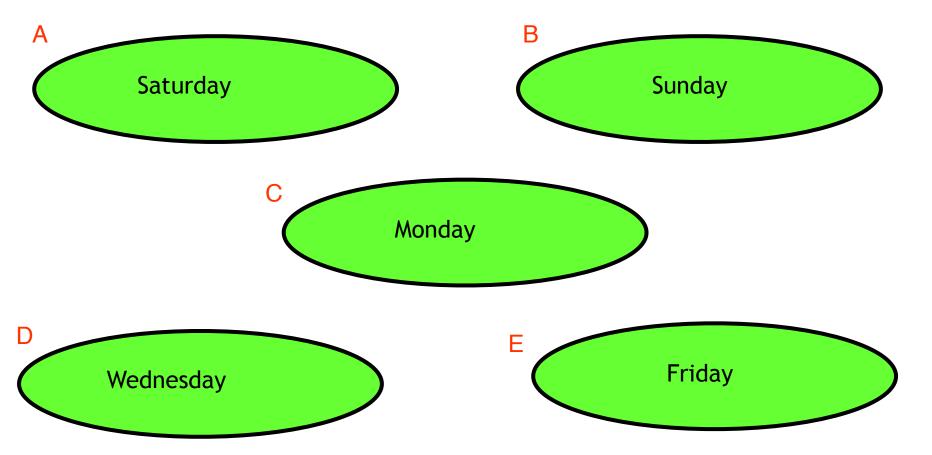


# As a 12-16 year old pedestrian what time of year are you most at risk?





Which day of the week is the most dangerous for pedestrians aged 12-16 years old?

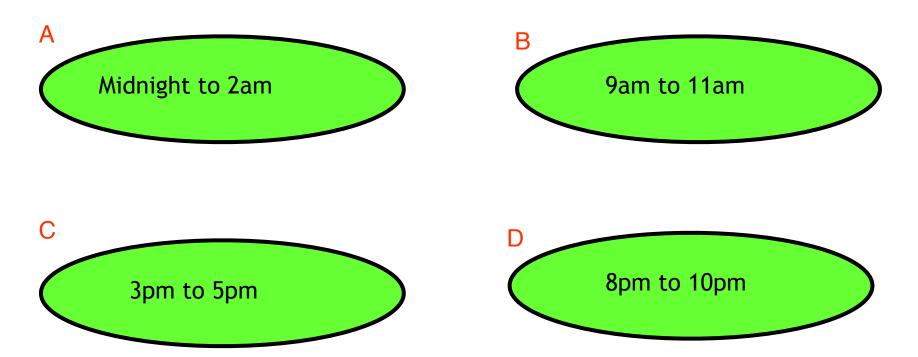








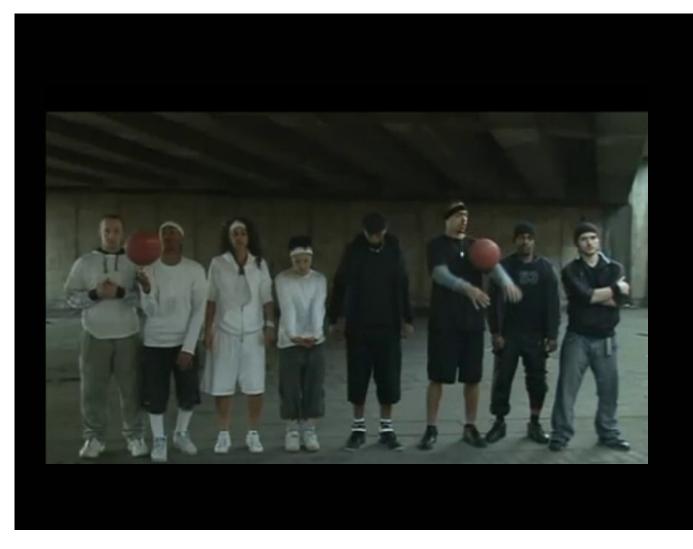
At what time is a fatal incident most likely to happen to a 12-16 year old pedestrian?





#### **Awareness Test**













- Who is affected? Why?
- What could be done differently?
- Who would feel responsible? Should they feel responsible?



#### Are these safe places to cross?











### Can you name the crossing?









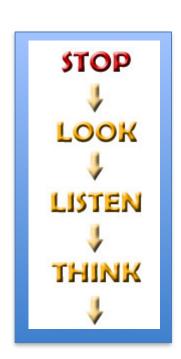








- First, find the safest place to cross
- Stop just before you get to the curb
- Look all around for traffic and listen
- If traffic is coming, let it pass
- When it's safe, go straight across the road- do not run





#### **Mobile Phones**





What could be the problem here?





#### Pedestrian Council of Australia - Don't tune out.



https://www.youtube.com/watch?
v=mbAVDLRZ7xc



#### Don't get distracted while crossing the road



- Do not use mobile phones / devices while crossing the road.
- Do not listen to music on headphones while crossing the road.
- Don't get distracted by your friends when crossing the

road.



### Seatbelts



- In a crash you're twice as likely to die if you don't wear a seatbelt.
- Child seats should be used until the age of 12, or upon reaching the height of 135cm, whichever comes first.
- An on the spot fine of £100 can be given to anyone not wearing a seatbelt when they are supposed to.
- Anyone 14 years of age and above is responsible for wearing their seatbelt. It is the drivers responsibility to ensure anyone below 14 wears a seatbelt.
- If taken to court, fines can be up to £500 for not wearing a seatbelt
- Even pets must be suitably restrained in a vehicle to prevent injury









#### **Mobile Phones**



- It's illegal to use a handheld mobile whilst driving.
- This includes using you phone to follow a map, read a text or check social media. This applies even if you're stopped at traffic lights or queuing in traffic.
- Using hands free (e.g. for navigation) is not illegal. However, if this distracts you and affects your ability to drive safely, you can still be prosecuted by police.
- You're four times more likely to crash if you use a mobile phone whilst driving.
   Reaction times are around 50% slower than normal driving.
- The law has recently changed and anyone caught using a phone whilst in control of a vehicle will get 6 points and a £200 fine.
- Anyone holding a licence for less than 2 years will have it revoked.







# <u>Bikeability</u>



